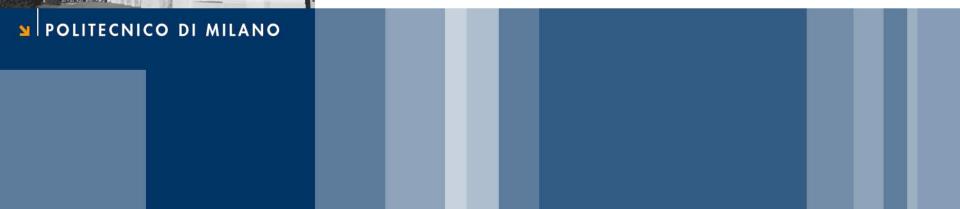






Round Table: «Methods and mechanisms of international cooperation to support education&research for sustainable nuclear power development»









prof. Marco E. Ricotti Politecnico di Milano, Rector's Delegate for Research, Department of Energy Deputy Head CeSNEF-Nuclear Engineering Division, Nuclear Reactors Group

Moscow, 2015 June 1st





- 1. Why we need (international) cooperation on R&D and E&T?
- 2. Which mechanisms of cooperation are suitable?





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- 1. Why we need (international) cooperation on R&D and E&T?
 - effective nuclear R&D and innovation are complex and expensive: we need to share ideas and share costs
 - development of new solutions and time-to-market constraint: we need to share facilities and expertise (e.g. to support licensing and training)
 - nuclear sector in the wake of a generational change process: we need (soon) a new generation of nuclear experts
 - nuclear sector in the development phase: we need a new workforce (at industrial and institutional level, esp. in "newcomer" countries)
 - nuclear is becoming a real international market: we need to prepare experts on different nuclear technologies (international E&T)
- 2. Which mechanisms of cooperation are suitable?





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objectve of this presentation, to share some idege

International R&D cooperation on new nuclear technology deployment: the SMR case



• Why Small Modular Reactors (SMRs, 30 - 300 MWe)?

- reduced: size, costs, complexity, construction time
- less financial risk (investment affordability, cost increase due to delays)
- modularity, shop construction: demand , quality control
- technology innovation: enhanced safety (e.g. passive safety



Since 2005, several actions at IAFA level, to support SMR prof. Marco E. Ricotti POI.ITECNICO DI MILANO



prof. Marco E. R

Innovative SMR technology: iPWR (almost) full integration



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Integration of components	ABV-6M	CAREM	NuScale		sg tump	mPower	WEC	IRIS	
Pressurizer	X	X	X	X	X	×	X	X	X
Steam Generators	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	almost	Х	х
Pumps	NC	NC	NC					Х	NC
CRDMs	Х	Х				Х	Х	Х	
SIZE MWth MWe	38 6	100 25	160 45	310 100	330 100	530 180	800 225	1000 335	1000 350

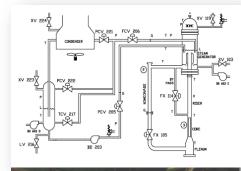


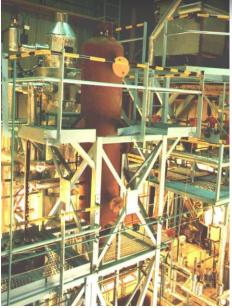


Fuel, Integrated components: pumps, steam generators, CRDMs, pressurizer Separate Effect Test (SET) Safety systems: (usually) passive, natural circulation two-phase flow systems Integral Effect Test (IET) **Integral layout**: integration of components, safety systems, (containment) Main goals: i) to test safety effectiveness, performance ii) to validate codes & models

SMR – iPWRs: Integral Effect Tests (IET) facilities

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CAREM25: CAPCN, TH dynamics in conditions similar to CAREM-25 operational states (1:1 in height and P, T; 1:335 in power)



mPower: Integrated Systems Test (IST) facility (1:1 in height and P, T; 1:375 in power)

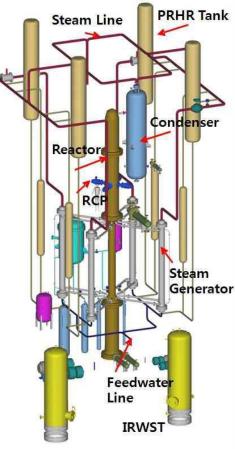
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NuScale: NuScale Integral System Test (NIST) facility (1:1 in P, T; 1:3 in height, 1:253 in volume, 1:1 in time)



ACP100: Core Cooling and REsidual heat removal System Test facility (CREST)

(1:1 in height and P, T; 1:37 in volume; 1:100 in power)



SMART: SMART-ITL large scale integral test facility (1:1 in height, 1:1 in P, T; 1:49 in power)

International collaboration for an "Open" iPWR facility?



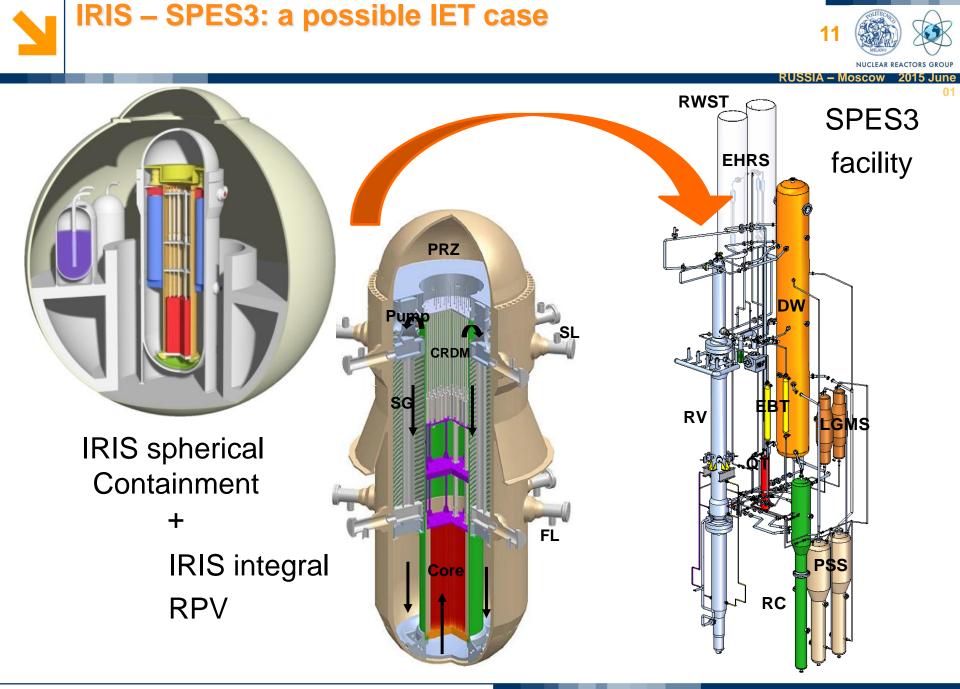
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- Sensible level of similarities among SMR-iPWR concepts
- IET facilities usually adopted for licensing purposes (proprietary, not accessible now)
- "Open" IET facility for iPWRs at SIET labs: SPES3

(SIET labs are performing SG tests for NuScale licensing)





SPES3: large scale integral test facility for iPWRs

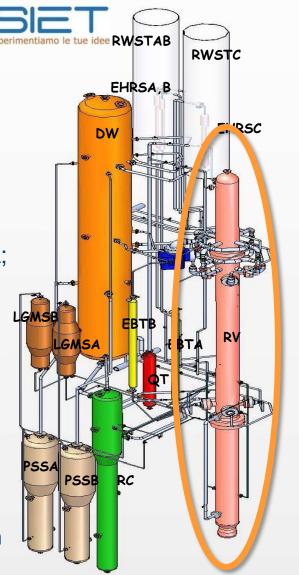


iPWR (IRIS-based) Integral, Large Scale Test Facility

- Full scale (1:1) in height, temperature, pressure
- Scaled 1:100 in power and volume
- > 700 measurement points, new instrumentation developed
- thermal-hydraulic phenomena during SBLOCA; dynamic coupling between primary system and containment system; EHRS capabilities

- ✓ scaling phase and design phase completed
- ✓ site preparation and control room completed
- construction phase started: main components in place (except RPV simulator)

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SPES3: area preparation for components installation + heating rods testing (fuel)



5 June





SPES3: drywell and EHRS pools

SPES3 side view

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>10M€ investment (Italian Min.Econ.Dev.), >60% completed
Main goals:

- Access to experimental data by different international stakeholders (safety authorities, technology developers, newcomer countries, R&D organisations)
 - Computer codes & models validation (safety), e.g. ISP, database
 - Integrated system performance
 - Safety features demonstration
 - Control and protection systems verification
- iPWR knowledge development & share
- Educational & Training purposes

How to proceed?

- Expression of Interest from potential partners
- International Advisory Board
 - Cost-sharing





TOKYO INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOG

The IRIS case (2002-2007):

- Students' collaboration
 - within University labs and/or through Company internships
 - thesis work (3-to-12 months)
 - PhD program (6 months-3 years)
 - post-graduation period (6 month-1 year)
- Formal agreements (students exchange) among U-IRIS; formal/informal agreements with Companies.
- >130 students worked on IRIS
- 400 papers co-authored by students, professors, experts
- Professors/permanent researchers involved: >30

& Associated Universities: University of California Berkeley Ohio State University University of Tennessee University of Michigan Iowa State University

University of Illinois

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Nuclear Education & Training: open to international collaboration

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The italian Nuclear Universities case: since 1994, **CIRTEN** consortium (ENEN partner)



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Politecnico di Milano (Engineering, Architecture, Design, since 1863):

- the leading technology university in Italy, among top 5 in EU (QS Employer ranking), 31st in the World in Engineering & Technology (QS ranking 2014)
- Nuclear Engineering education since 1956 (first MSc in NE and first nuclear research reactor in Italy)

Today:

 Still first MSc in NE in Italy, one of the large in EU



How to be prepared for international collaboration?

- fully English taught MSc + PhD Nuclear Engineering
- Brand-new experimental labs
- Access to external facilities
- Partnership with selected
 Universities and Comparing Ricotti



New experimental labs, opening ceremony March 6, 2015



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- New, advanced experimental labs for research, training & education
- Chemical-energetic and Nuclear engineering labs
- 3 stories building, more than 6 000 m², more than 15M€ investment
 (POLIMI) prof. Marco E. Ricotti

POLIMI new Nuclear Engineering experimental labs

- Radiochemistry
- Radioprotection
- Nuclear instrum. & measurements
- Nuclear electronics
- Calibration and testing
- Health physics
- Contaminants migrati
- Nuclear safeguards
- Material science & nanotechnology

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The facility includes also a **bunker for irradiation**

Open access for companies, universities and research centers, for E&T and R&D

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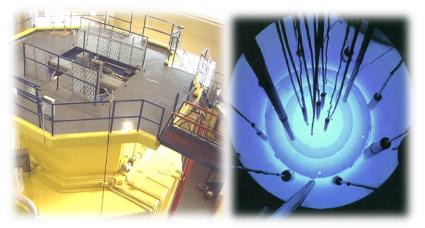
Full access to external laboratories and facilities



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TRIGA research reactor (at Pavia)
 Training and R&D activities



TRIGA MarkII (250 kW)



SIET labs (at Piacenza)

world-class, large scale exp. labs for safety systems and thermalhydraulic tests, for nuclear reactor components and systems

CNAO (at Pavia)

Sincrotron for adrontherapy, for medical applications of radiation (few in the world)



Edu & Training for non-nuclear executives and professionals

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"Executive Master in Nuclear Plant Construction Management"

- Specialisation course, 1 year
- designed with companies (ENEL, AREVA, EPCs, etc.) for companies
- Iectures + "on-field" visits + case studies



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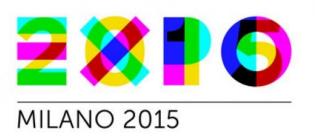




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Thank you for your attention



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SPES3 simulation capabilities of advanced RWS

RWST

EBT

RV

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Common set of design principles with iPWRs:

 integral vessel layout; increase of primary system relative passive safety systems for heat removal; increase of pressurizer relative volume; increase of natural convection cooling for core and vessel.

Transient simulation:

 Integral tests of DBA, BDBA, SBO; split and DEG breaks at: DVI line, EBT top line, ADS line, Feed Line and Steam Line.

SPES-3 may offer critical insight on iPWR concept:

- investigation of behavior of passive safety systems and containmentvessel coupling;
- safety systems intervention sequence;
- heat removal capabilities from RPV and from containment;
- SETs on SGs and EHRS, pumps, in pool-heat exchangers, two-phase flow instrumentation;
- qualified data for best-estimate thermal-hydraulic code validation and benchmark.

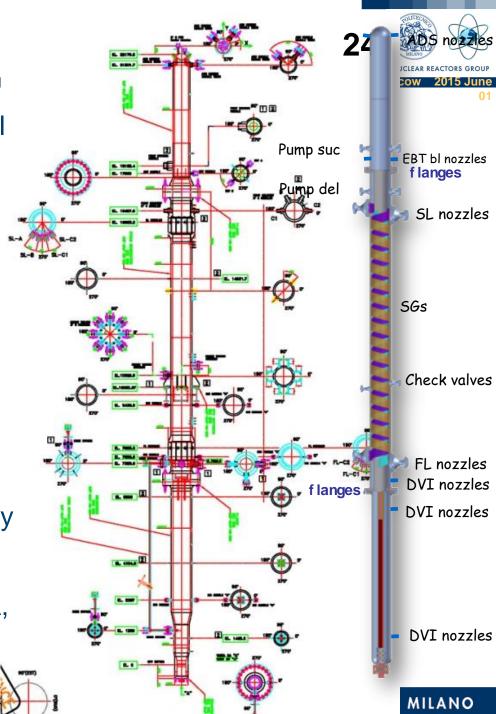
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LGMS

SPES-3: integral reactor simulator

- 3 forged pieces + 4 helical coil SG simulators
- Detailed design provided by italian manufacturing enterprises
- Co-funding (50%) by italian companies
- Estimated cost: 5 M€
- Co-funding: discussions with Regional Government, Ministry of Economic Development
- Partnership: Industries, ENEA, SIET labs, POLIMI

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How to proceed?

Secure funding to conclude construction phase

→Declaration / Expression of Interest letters about the use of the Open Facility (e.g. from international org., gov.ntl org., R&D centers, EU-Euratom, etc.)

 Set up of an International Advisory Panel, to support/advice the Open Facility operational management (SIET)

→Experts/representatives from countries interested in SMR technology (e.g. IAEA, safety authorities/TSO, R&D centres, etc.)

→ Select experimental campaigns of main interest, propose ISP, organise blind benchmarks, iPWR-SMR workshops, etc.

Cost-sharing

→Typical cost of an experimental campaign (order of magnitude): 500K€